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1.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia. The integrity and objectivity of these statements is management's responsibility. Management is also responsible for all of the notes to the financial statements, and for ensuring that this information is consistent, where appropriate, with the information contained in the financial statements. The significant accounting policies are summarized in Note 2 to the financial statements. The preparation of financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

Management is also responsible for implementing and maintaining a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that reliable financial information is produced. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the financial statements.

The Northern Lights College Board of Governors is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal control and exercises these responsibilities through regular board meetings. The Board of Governors reviews the external audited financial statements yearly and the internal financial reports on a regular basis. The external auditor has full access to the Board of Governors, with and without management present.

KPMG LLP conducts an independent examination, in accordance with Canadian auditing standards, and expresses an opinion on the financial statements. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of the examination and their opinion on the financial statements.

Lori Archibald, Chair, Board of Governors

Todd Bondaroff, President and CEO



KPMG LLP 177 Victoria Street, Suite 400 Prince George BC V2L 5R8 Canada Telephone (250) 563-7151 Fax (250) 563-5693

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Governors of Northern Lights College, and

To the Minister of the Ministry of Post-Secondary Education and Future Skills, Province of British Columbia

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Northern Lights College (the "Entity"), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at March 31,2024
- the statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in net debt for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2024 of the Entity are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Emphasis of Matter – Financial Reporting Framework

We draw attention to Note 2(a) of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting and significant differences between such basis of accounting and Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants

Prince George, Canada

KPMG LLP

May 15, 2024

	 2024	 2023
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 15,166,765	\$ 14,043,474
Accounts receivable (Note 4)	1,271,989	1,679,681
Inventory for resale and other assets held for sale (Note 5)	 773,920	 829,439
	 17,212,674	 16,552,594
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6)	4,234,005	4,497,375
Employee future benefits (Note 7)	365,000	351,000
Asset retirement obligation (Note 8)	652,280	652,280
Deferred revenue (Note 9)	8,241,024	9,251,621
Deferred contributions (Note 10)	2,245,852	2,282,181
Deferred capital contributions (Note 11)	 72,152,213	 70,147,560
	 87,890,374	 87,182,017
NET DEBT	 (70,677,700)	 (70,629,423)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible capital assets (Note 12)	78,677,351	77,614,418
Prepaid expenses	 198,890	 338,995
	 78,876,241	 77,953,413
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Note 14)	\$ 8,198,541	\$ 7,323,990

Board Chair

President and CEO

		2024		2024		2023	
		Actual	Budg	et (unaudited)		Actual	
REVENUE							
Province of British Columbia grants:							
Ministry of Advanced Education and Skills Training	\$	24,604,636	\$	22,915,083	\$	22,960,967	
Skilled Trades BC		1,893,848		2,054,715		1,587,762	
Tuition and student fees		12,024,844		11,022,672		9,181,543	
Revenue recognized from deferred							
capital contributions (Note 11)		3,336,007		3,360,070		3,360,070	
Contract services		1,387,408		102,000		1,010,963	
Sales of goods and services		3,035,947		2,522,830		2,340,060	
Interest		761,951		262,160		447,754	
Other		734,618		613,382		709,406	
Total Revenue		47,779,259		42,852,912		41,598,525	
EXPENDITURES (Note 18)							
Instruction		17,130,168		16,057,159		15,238,540	
Academic and Student Support		8,794,146		8,009,292		7,804,413	
General Administration		9,708,129		8,248,366		7,654,307	
Facility Operations and Maintenance		5,390,104		4,559,416		5,010,441	
Ancillary Operations		1,983,355		1,963,157		1,731,791	
Amortization		3,898,806		3,965,200		3,965,200	
Total Expenditures	-	46,904,708		42,802,590		41,404,692	
ANNUAL SURPLUS		874,551		50,322		193,833	
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, beginning of year		7,323,990		7,323,990		7,130,157	
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, end of year	\$				\$ 7,374,312 \$ 7,3		

	2024		2024		 2023
		Actual	Budg	et (unaudited)	 Actual
ANNUAL SURPLUS	\$	874,551	\$	50,322	\$ 193,833
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Disposal of tangible capital assets		(4,961,739) -		(5,595,421) -	(4,555,068) -
Amortization of tangible capital assets		3,898,806 (188,382)		3,965,200 (1,579,899)	 3,965,200 (396,035)
Acquisition of prepaids and deposits Use of prepaids and deposits		(47,451) 187,556		-	(177,138) 129,666
(INCREASE) DECREASE IN NET DEBT		(48,277)		(1,579,899)	(443,507)
NET DEBT, beginning of year		(70,629,423)		(70,629,423)	(70,185,916)
NET DEBT, end of year	\$	(70,677,700)	\$	(72,209,322)	\$ (70,629,423)

	 2024	 2023
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Annual surplus	\$ 874,551	\$ 193,833
Non-cash items:		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	3,898,806	3,965,200
Revenue recognized from deferred capital contributions	(3,336,007)	(3,360,070)
Decrease (Increase) in receivables	407,692	(773,530)
Decrease (Increase) in inventory	55,519	(375,414)
Decrease (Increase) in prepaids and deposits	140,105	(47,472)
(Decrease) Increase in payables and accruals	(249,370)	625,871
(Decrease) Increase in deferred revenue	(1,010,597)	1,927,982
	 780,699	 2,156,400
CAPITAL ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(4,961,739)	(4,555,068)
Deferred contributions, net increase	 5,304,331	 3,800,407
	342,592	(754,661)
INCREASE IN CASH	1,123,291	1,401,739
CASH, beginning of year	 14,043,474	12,641,735
CASH, end of year	\$ 15,166,765	\$ 14,043,474

1. PURPOSE OF ORGANIZATION

Northern Lights College is an educational, cultural, social and recreational resource for the students and communities it serves. It has special responsibility for leadership in the development, promotion and delivery of education to the people of the northern region of British Columbia. In a fiscally responsible manner, the multi-campus structure of Northern Lights College provides accessible learning opportunities within an extensive geographical environment. The College is responsive to the interests, aspirations, and needs of individuals, businesses and communities in a wide variety of ever changing social and economic conditions.

Northern Lights College is incorporated under the College and Institute Act of British Columbia and is exempt from income tax under the Income Tax Act.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of accounting:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia, which are consistent with Canadian public sector accounting standards except in regard to the accounting for government transfers set out in Note 2(d).

In 2010, directive was provided by the Province of British Columbia Treasury Board (Treasury Board) through Government Organization Accounting Standards Regulation 257/2010 requiring all tax-payer supported organizations in the Schools, Universities, Colleges and Hospitals sector to adopt Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) standards of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants (CICA) without any PS4200 elections from their first fiscal year commencing after January 1, 2012.

In March 2011, PSAB released a new Public Sector Accounting Standard PS 3410 "Government Transfers". In November 2011, Treasury Board provided a directive through Restricted Contributions Regulation 198/2011 providing direction for the reporting of restricted contributions whether they are received or receivable by the Northern Lights College before or after this regulation was in effect. The Treasury Board direction on the accounting treatment of restricted contributions is as described in Note 2 (d).

b) Financial Instruments

Accounts receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method; Accounts payables and accrued liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

NORTHERN LIGHTS COLLEGE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2024

c) Use of estimates

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards. In preparing these financial statements management has made estimates and assumptions that affect the amount reported. Significant estimates include assumptions made to establish the useful life of tangible capital assets, accrued liabilities and employee future benefits. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In addition, the College's implementation of PS3280 Asset Retirement Obligations has resulted in the requirement for management to make estimates regarding the useful lives of affected tangible capital assets and the expected retirement costs, as well as the timing and duration of these retirement costs.

d) Revenue Recognition

Revenue from student tuition, fees, and sales of goods and services is recognized when the College has the ability to claim or retain an inflow of economic resources and a past transaction or event giving rise to the asset has occurred.

Revenue from student tuition and fees is recognized as the education services are provided by the College.

Revenue from sales of goods and services is recognized when the College delivers the goods or service.

Externally and internally restricted non-capital contributions are deferred and recognized as revenue in the period in which the related expenses are incurred.

Externally restricted capital contributions are recorded as deferred contributions until the amount is invested in capital assets. Contributions for capital assets that will be amortized are transferred to deferred capital contributions in the period the asset is acquired.

Contributions for capital assets that will not be amortized, such as land, are not transferred to deferred capital contributions or recognized as revenue, but are recorded as direct increases in net assets in the period the assets are acquired.

Deferred capital contributions are recognized as revenue in the period in which the related capital assets are amortized. Deferred capital contributions relating to capital assets disposed of are recognized as revenue in the period of disposal if all restrictions have been complied with.

Government grants are accounted for as unrestricted contributions or externally restricted contributions in accordance with the terms of funding.

NORTHERN LIGHTS COLLEGE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2024

e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to know amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of change in value. These short term investments generally have a maturity of three months or less at acquisition and are held for purpose of meeting short term cash commitments rather than investing.

f) Fund Accounting

To provide information on the limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to the College, these resources are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds according to the activities or objectives specified.

These funds are:

Operating Fund

The operating fund reflects revenues and expenses relating to base-funded ongoing program delivery and administration activities.

Capital Fund

The capital fund reflects the College's investment in capital assets, related financing activities and revenues and expenses relating to capital assets.

g) Inventory for Resale and Other Assets Held for Sale

Inventories for resale are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

Assets held for sale are expected to be sold within one year. They are valued at the lower of cost or expected net realizable value.

h) Asset Retirement Obligation

An asset retirement obligation is recognized when, as at the financial reporting date, all of the following criteria are met:

- There is a legal obligation to incur retirement costs in relation to a tangible capital asset;
- The past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred;
- It is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- A reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

The liability for the removal of asbestos in several of the buildings owed by the College has been recognized based on the estimated future expenses. An additional liability has been recognized for the decommissioning of a groundwater well, fuel tanks and disposal of PCB in electric ballasts and transformers based on the estimated future expenses.

NORTHERN LIGHTS COLLEGE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2024

h) Asset Retirement Obligation (continued)

The liability is discounted using a present value calculation, and adjusted yearly for accretion expense. The recognition of a liability resulted in an accompanying increase to the respective tangible capital assets. The increase to the tangible capital assets is being amortized in accordance with the depreciation accounting policies outlined in (i)

i) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations.

i) Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses consist of prepaid insurance and other operating expenses. All amounts will be expended in the following year.

ii) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. Interest is not capitalized whenever external debt is used to finance the construction of tangible capital assets. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the assets. Land is not amortized as it is deemed to have a permanent value.

Amortization is provided as follows (in years):

Buildings - wood frame (20) Library books (10)

Buildings - concrete/steel frame (40) Leasehold improvements (Life of lease)

Furniture and equipment (5)

Computer equipment (3)

Site improvements (10)

Heavy Equipment (5)

Computer software (3)

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

j) Budget Figures

Budget figures have been provided for comparative purposes and have been derived from the Operating Budget presented to the Board of Governors of the Northern Lights College on March 15, 2023. The budget is reflected in the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus.

Budget figures have not been audited, and are presented only for information purposes.

3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

On April 1, 2023, the College adopted Canadian public sector accounting standard PS 3400 Revenue. The new accounting standard establishes a single framework to categorize revenue to enhance the consistency of revenue recognition and its measurement. As at March 31, 2024, the College determined that the adoption of this new standard did not have an impact on the amounts presented in the financial statements.

4. RECEIVABLES

		2024		2023
Receivables				
Student	\$	470,486	\$	476,262
Trade		203,447		257,569
Other		869,677		1,268,387
		1,543,610		2,002,218
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts		(271,621)		(322,537)
	\$ 1,271,989 \$			1,679,681

5. INVENTORY FOR RESALE AND OTHER ASETS HELD FOR SALE

	 2024		2023
Inventories for resale	\$ \$ 298,506 \$		259,605
Other assets held for sale	 475,414		569,834
	\$ 773,920	\$	829,439

Other assets held for sale comprises of the residential construction home and land to be used for future residential construction homes.

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	2024	2023		
Trade - Federal	\$ 181,869	\$	146,487	
 Provincial and regional governments 	144,811		123,228	
- General	2,547,942		2,178,940	
Payroll	574,631		1,287,951	
Overtime	33,723		56,532	
Vacation	 751,029	-	704,237	
	\$ 4,234,005	\$	4,497,375	

7. EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS

a) Pension benefits

The College and its employees contribute to the College Pension Plan and Municipal Pension Plan (jointly trusteed pension plans). The boards of trustees for these plans, representing plan members and employers, are responsible for administering the pension plans, including investing assets and administering benefits. The plans are multi-employer defined benefit pension plans. Basic pension benefits are based on a formula. As at August 31, 2023, the College Pension Plan has about 17,200 active members, and approximately 10,700 retired members. As at December 31, 2022, the Municipal Pension Plan has about 240,000 active members, including approximately 7,000 from colleges.

Every three years, an actuarial valuation is performed to assess the financial position of the plans and adequacy of plan funding. The actuary determines an appropriate combined employer and member contribution rate to fund the plans. The actuary's calculated contribution rate is based on the entry-age normal cost method, which produces the long-term rate of member and employer contributions sufficient to provide benefits for average future entrants to the plans. This rate may be adjusted for the amortization of any actuarial funding surplus and will be adjusted for the amortization of any unfunded actuarial liability.

The most recent actuarial valuation for the College Pension Plan as at August 31, 2021, indicated a \$202 million surplus for basic pension benefits on a going concern basis.

The most recent valuation for the Municipal Pension Plan as at December 31, 2021, indicated a \$3,761 million funding surplus for basic pension benefits on a going concern basis.

The Northern Lights College paid \$2,095,698 (2023-\$1,760,747) for employer contributions to the plans in fiscal 2023-2024.

7. EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS (continued)

The next valuation for the College Pension Plan will be as at August 31, 2024, with results available later in 2025. The next valuation for the Municipal Pension Plan will be December 31, 2024, with results available in 2025.

Employers participating in the plans record their pension expense as the amount of employer contributions made during the fiscal year (defined contribution pension plan accounting). This is because the plans record accrued liabilities and accrued assets for each plan in aggregate, resulting in no consistent and reliable basis for allocating the obligation, assets and cost to individual employers participating in the plans.

b) Accumulated sick leave benefit and other retirement benefit arrangements liability

Employees of Northern Lights College are entitled to sick leave in accordance with the terms and conditions of their employment contracts. Employees of Northern Lights College are not entitled to accrue their unused sick leave credits. Retirement benefit payments represent the Northern Lights College share of the cost to provide employees with various benefits upon retirement. The accrued benefit obligation and the net periodic benefit cost were estimated by an actuarial valuation completed in March 2023.

Retirement Benefits
Payments
2024 2023

Accrued benefits obligation

\$ 365,000 \$ 351,000

8. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATION

The College's asset retirement obligation consists of several obligations as follows:

a) The College owns and operates several buildings that are know to have asbestos, which represents a health hazard upon demolition and renovation of the buildings and there is a legal obligation to remove it. Following the adoption of PS 3280 – Asset Retirement obligations, the College recognized an obligation relating to the removal and post-removal care of the asbestos in these buildings as estimated on April 1, 2021. The buildings are fully amortized and have no estimated useful life.

8. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATION (continued)

- b) The College owns a ground water well which is currently in use. Following the adoption of PS3280 Asset retirement obligations, the College recognized the obligation to decommission the groundwater well as per Provincial Groundwater Protection Regulation Part 9 when the well becomes not in service. The cost was estimated as at April 1, 2021.
- c) The College owns ballasts and electrical transforms which contain PCB, which represent an environmental hazard and must be disposed of as per Federal regulations. The cost of disposal was estimated as at April 1, 2021.
- d) The College owns petroleum storage tanks, which represent an environment hazard and must be disposed of as per Federal regulations. The costs of disposal was estimated as at April 1, 2021.

Changes to the asset retirement obligation in the year are as follows:

Asset Retirement Obligation	Asbestos removal		Fuel tank removal	PCB Disposal	 undwater I closure		ance at ch 31, 4
	\$ 557,28	<u>80</u>	\$ 5,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 10,000	\$	652,280
9. DEFERRED REVENUE			2024		2023		_
Tuition Other		\$	4,858,2 3,382,7		\$ 6,746 2,504		_
		\$	8,241,0	24	\$ 9,251	,621	=

Deferred tuition relates to tuition fees that have not yet been earned. Other deferred revenue relates to continuous learning programs and other student fees.

10. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS

Deferred contributions represent externally restricted contributions that will be used in future years. Changes in deferred contributions are as follows:

	2024		2023	
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 2,282,181	\$	810,368	
Funds received:				
Provincial and Federal capital grants	1,549,457		4,000,870	
Other capital and fundraising grants	-		39,900	
Funds used:				
Capital purchases	(1,291,872)		(2,257,610)	
Maintenance and related expenses	(293,914)	914) (311,3		
Balance, end of year	\$ 2,245,852	\$	2,282,181	

11. DEFERRED CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

Deferred capital contributions represent the portion of externally restricted contributions used to acquire capital assets that will be recognized as revenue in future periods over the remaining useful life of the assets. Changes in deferred capital contributions are as follows:

	2024	 2023
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 70,147,560	\$ 71,179,036
Current year's acquisitions funded by provincial capital contributions	5,339,380	2,231,261
Current year's acquisitions funded by other capital contributions	1,280	97,333
Revenue recognized from deferred capital contributions	(3,336,007)	(3,360,070)
Balance, end of year	\$ 72,152,213	\$ 70,147,560

12. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASETS

	Balance at					Ba	Balance at
Cost	March 31, 2023	Ad	Additions	Disposals	sals	Marc	March 31, 2024
700	\$ 568 077	v	1	Ð	,	v	268 977
) -)			10000
Buildings - wood	18,910,283		2,090,899			7	21,001,182
Buildings - concrete	100,471,733		3,220,495		1	10	103,692,228
Furniture and equipment	24,005,712		276,542			7	24,282,254
Heavy equipment	200,460				,		200,460
Computer equipment	5,982,139		95,156				6,077,295
Computer software	1,284,361						1,284,361
Site improvements	6,434,683		193,369		ı		6,628,052
Books and media	417,199				,		417,199
Leasehold improvements	710,284				ı		710,284
Work in progress	2,069,560		(914,722)		-		1,154,838
Total	\$ 161,055,391	↔	4,961,739	❖		\$ 16	\$ 166,017,130
	Balance at			Amortization	ation	Ba	Balance at
Accumulated Amortization	March 31, 2023	Οįς	Disposals	Expense	nse	Marc	March 31, 2024
	(-			i - - -			
Buildings - wood	\$ 17,092,165	↔	1	\$	497,264	\$	17,589,429
Buildings - concrete	31,116,867			2,5	2,556,225	m	33,673,092
Furniture and equipment	22,851,296			4	452,768	7	23,304,064
Heavy equipment	200,460				1		200,460
Computer equipment	5,956,306				25,835		5,982,141
Computer software	1,284,361				1		1,284,361
Site improvements	3,812,035			ñ	366,714		4,178,749
Books and media	417,199						417,199
Leasehold improvements	710,284		1		1		710,284
Work in progress	1		1		ı		ı
Total	\$ 83,440,973	φ.		\$ 3,8	3,898,806	\$	87,339,779

12. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Net Book Value	2024		2023	
Land	\$ 56	68,977	\$	568,977
Buildings - wood	3,41	11,753		1,818,118
Buildings - concrete	70,01	19,136		69,354,866
Furniture and equipment	97	78,190		1,154,416
Heavy equipment		-		-
Computer equipment	9	95,154		25,833
Computer software		-		-
Site improvements	2,44	49,303		2,622,648
Books and media		-		-
Leasehold improvements		-		-
Work in progress	1,15	54,838		2,069,560
Total	\$ 78,67	77,351	\$	77,614,418

13. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Northern Lights College has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: credit risk, market risk and liquidity risk.

The Board of Governors ensures that Northern Lights College has identified its major risks and ensures that management monitors and controls them.

a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to Northern Lights College if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Such risk arises principally from certain financial assets held by Northern Lights College consisting of cash and accounts receivables.

13. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

a) Credit Risk (continued)

Northern Lights College manages it credit risks by not having short-term investments and reviewing accounts receivables and performing collections on a regular basis.

Maximum exposure of credit risk of Northern Lights College is the carrying value of cash and accounts receivables on the Statement of Financial Position.

b) Market and Interest Rate risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, will affect Northern Lights College's income. The objective of market risk management is to control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters while optimizing the return on risk.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates.

It is management's opinion that Northern Lights College is not exposed to significant market and interest rate risk from its financial instruments.

c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that Northern Lights College will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due.

Northern Lights College manages liquidity risk by continually monitoring actual and forecasted cash flows from operations and anticipated investing and financing activities to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to Northern Lights College's reputation.

It is management's opinion that Northern Lights College is not exposed to significant liquidity risk arising from its financial instruments.

14. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

	 2024		2023	
Operating Fund	\$ 2,828,240	\$	1,970,937	
Capital Fund	 5,370,301		5,353,053	
	\$ 8,198,541	\$	7,323,990	

15. INVESTMENT

On May 5, 2010, Northern Lights College acquired, through donation, 500,000 non-par value common share of Canadian Timber Towers Corporation. The basis of valuation being used is the cost method. It is not possible to estimate the fair market value of these shares at this time.

16. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Northern Lights College is involved in various claims and or lawsuits from the ordinary course of business. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be predicted with certainty, management does not consider the possible results to have a material effect on the College's financial statements.

17. IMPACT OF ACCOUNTING FOR GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 23.1 OF THE BUDGET TRANSPARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT

As noted in the significant accounting policies note 2(a), Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act and Restricted Contributions Regulation 198/2011 require Northern Lights College to recognize government transfers for capital assets into revenue on the same basis as the related amortization expense. As these transfers do not contain stipulations that create a liability, Canadian Public sector accounting standards would require these grants to be fully recognized into revenue. The impact of this difference on the financial statements of Northern Lights College is as follows:

March 31, 2023 – increase in accumulated surplus by \$70,723,691, a decrease in deferred revenue by \$336,463, deferred contributions by \$239,668, and deferred capital contributions by \$70,147,560.

March 31, 2024 – increase in accumulated surplus by \$72,656,380, a decrease in deferred revenue by \$265,780, deferred contributions by \$238,387, and deferred capital contributions by \$72,152,213.

18. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

Segmented information has been identified based upon functional lines of service provided by the Institution. Institution services are provided by departments and their activities are reported by functional area in the body of the financial statements. Certain functional lines that have been separately disclosed in the segmented information, along with the services they provide, are as follows:

Instruction

This function includes expenses related to all direct educational delivery within the institution. This would include credit and non-credit courses, diploma and certificate programs, continuing education, contract training, and trades training. Costs associated with this function include contract expenses; Deans and Chairs; and instructional administration (general and financial), support staff and support costs related to these activities.

Academic and Student Support

This function includes activities that directly support the academic functions of the institution as well as centralized functions that support individual students or group of students. These include; function related contracts; curriculum and program development; libraries; student service administration; student recruitment; records and admissions (registrar); recreation; financial aid; scholarships and bursaries; and any other centralized general and financial administration and support costs related to these activities.

General Administration

This function includes activities that support the institution as a whole, such as; executive management, Board of Governors, public relations, corporate finance, human resources, information technology, and any other centralized institution-wide general administrative activities.

Facility Operations and Maintenance

This function includes; the operations and maintenance of physical plant and equipment for all institutional activities; utilities; facilities administration; custodial services; grounds keeping; major repairs and renovations; and security services.

Amortization

This function includes all capital asset amortization expenses of the institution.

Ancillary Operations

This function includes business activities generally outside of instruction that provides goods and services to students, staff or others external to the organization. These include but are not limited to; food services, student residences, daycare and bookstores. Costs associated with this function include function related contracts and general and financial administration and support costs.

	2023	2024	_	Academic and	General			Ancillary
	Total	Total	Instruction	Student Support	Administration	Facilities	Amortization	Operations
REVENUE								
Province of British Columbia grants	\$ 24,548,729	\$ 26,498,484				\$ 413,561	\$ -	\$ -
Tuition and student fees	9,181,543	12,024,844	5,892,821	6,058,416	73,607	-	-	-
Revenue recognized from deferred	2 200 070	2 226 007			_		2 226 007	
capital contributions	3,360,070	3,336,007		593,940	550,059	-	3,336,007	-
Contract services	1,010,963	1,387,408				205 572	-	- 2,179,212
Sales of goods and services Interest	2,340,060 447,754	3,035,947 761,951		97,200	2,419 761,951	305,573	-	2,179,212
Other	709,406	734,618		89,215	146,729	5,845	-	-
Ottlei	41,598,525	47,779,259		7,654,143	23,979,169	724,979	3,336,007	2,179,212
						,	.,,	, -,
EXPENSES								
Salaries and benefits	26,042,185	29,616,604		5,616,125	5,647,206	2,465,679	-	807,267
Supplies	1,139,613	1,724,457		48,159	194,441	182,975	-	76,465
Contract fees	3,188,783	3,943,982		1,758,576	1,168,906	367,316		57,888
Amortization	3,965,200	3,898,806	-	-	-	-	3,898,806	-
Loss on disposal of assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Utilities	1,332,790	1,187,398		-	-	961,688	-	225,710
Book purchases	459,749	546,448		204	41,423		-	490,339
Building maintenance	802,231	907,228		-	427	709,347	-	197,274
Publicity	558,610	830,764		498,318	291,617	2,925	-	12,592
Training	202,083	287,957		12,809	272,077	152	-	-
Course program and development	497	2,421		1,621	-	-	-	-
Ownership linkage	6,702	9,245		-	9,245	-	-	-
Travel - in region	109,670	122,531		36,719	38,963	3,915	-	6,537
Conferences and meetings	94,164	126,506		40,916	71,806	1,508	-	2,007
Membership fees	112,536	92,597		32,755	45,546	480	-	714
Janitorial services	150,636	167,117	-	-	-	165,688	-	1,429
Interest expense	-			-	-	-	-	- 2 400
Travel - out of region	264,253	370,088		218,018	111,656	315	-	2,409
Telephone, fax and internet	729,622	734,988		15,024	700,381	6,456	-	4,055
Space rental	176,169	177,146		-	-	163,299	-	-
Bursaries	316,692	419,622		411,622	-	-	-	-
Vehicle operations	119,267	107,394		161	14	104,164	-	-
Equipment maintenance	75,583	91,068		98	3,897	41,794	-	890
Computer maintenance	606,833	653,244	13,540	528	639,176	-	-	-
Computer lease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance	143,999	148,286		1,481	2,480	53,177	-	91,148
Grounds maintenance	132,199	155,085		826		152,618	-	2,467
Relocation expenses	152,450 150,799	79,655		2,507	78,829 65,743	-	-	-
Legal fees Courier and postage	39,383	68,250 41,120		1,558	30,594	1,943	-	4,164
Periodicals	71,190	71,690		70,679	50,594	1,943	-	4,104
Equipment rental	49,885	4,796		70,679	1,142	3,654	-	-
Audit fees	29,533	68,841		14,546	54,295	3,034	-	-
Recreation	12,433	11,027				-	-	-
Bad debts	12,433	51,763		9,098	1,716 51,763	-	-	-
Bank and credit card fees	168,953	186,584			184,786	-	-	-
Dalik allu Cleuit Calu lees	41,404,692	46,904,708		1,798 8,794,146	9,708,129	5,390,104	3,898,806	1,983,355
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	\$ 193,833	\$ 874,551	\$ (7,224,419)	\$ (1,140,003)	\$ 14,271,040	\$ (4,665,125)	\$ (562,799)	\$ 195,857